

REGULATED MEDICAL WASTE ACCEPTANCE POLICY

Stericycle policy requires compliance with all applicable regulations regarding the collection, transportation and treatment of regulated medical waste. Federal Department of Transportation (DOT) Regulations require the generator of regulated medical waste to certify that the packaging and documentation of transported regulated medical waste complies with DOT regulations regarding waste classification, packaging, labeling and shipping documentation. To ensure that neither Stericycle nor the generator of regulated medical waste violates applicable regulations, it is imperative that all parties understand the rules regarding proper identification, classification, segregation and packaging of regulated medical waste. The purpose of this policy is to summarize the <u>minimum</u> requirements for preparing your medical waste for collection, transportation and treatment. Additional facility or state-specific waste acceptance policies may apply based on permit specifications. Please contact your local representative for further information. You may also call (866) 783-7422.

REGULATED MEDICAL WASTE

Stericycle accepts medical waste generated in a broad range of medical, diagnostic, therapeutic and research activities. The term "medical waste" includes biohazardous, biomedical, infectious or regulated medical waste as defined under federal, state or local laws, rules, regulations and guidelines. Except as defined by specific state regulations, this **excludes** RCRA hazardous waste pharmaceuticals, all DEA scheduled drugs including *controlled substances, bulk chemotherapy, waste containing mercury or other heavy metals, batteries of any type, cauterizers, non-infectious dental waste, chemicals such as solvents, reagents, corrosives or ignitable materials classified as hazardous waste under Federal and State EPA Regulations. In addition, Stericycle cannot accept bulk liquids, radioactive materials, or complete human remains (including heads, full torsos and fetuses). Stericycle **cannot accept** these excluded materials packaged as regulated medical waste. All lab wastes or materials which contain or have the potential to contain infectious substances arising from those agents listed under 42 CFR 72.3 are strictly prohibited from medical waste by federal law and must be pretreated prior to disposal. Separate protocol and packaging requirements apply for the disposal of non-hazardous pharmaceuticals. Hazardous waste transportation services may be offered in certain geographical locations, under separate contract. Please contact your local representative for details and packaging specifications.

*Un-dispensed from DEA Registrant

WASTE SEGREGATION AND PACKAGING

The generator is solely responsible for properly segregating, packaging and labeling of regulated medical waste. Proper segregation and packaging reduces the potential for accidental release of the contents and exposure to employees and the general public. DOT regulations require (49 CFR 173.197) that all packages of regulated medical waste be prepared for transport in containers meeting the following requirements: 1) rigid; 2) leak resistant; 3) impervious to moisture; 4) of sufficient strength to prevent tearing or bursting under normal conditions of use and handling; 5) sealed to prevent leakage during transport; and 6) puncture resistant for sharps. All regulated medical waste must be accompanied by a properly completed shipping document (See 49 CFR 172.202).

MANAGEMENT OF NON-CONFORMING WASTE

As required by regulation and company policy, Stericycle employees may refuse containers that are non-conforming because of their contents or are improperly packaged, leaking, damaged or likely to create a risk of exposure to employees or the general public. Any non-conforming waste identified in route to or at a Stericycle location may be returned to the generator for proper packaging or disposal. Proper segregation and packaging is essential to ensure compliant and safe handling, collection, transportation and treatment of regulated medical waste.

STERICYCLE REGULATED MEDICAL WASTE ACCEPTANCE POLICY CHECKLIST

ACCEPTED REGULATED MEDICAL WASTE

- Sharps Means any object contaminated with a pathogen or that may become contaminated with a pathogen through handling or during transportation and also capable of cutting or penetrating skin or a packaging material. Sharps includes needles, syringes, scalpels, broken glass, culture slides, culture dishes, broken capillary tubes, broken rigid plastic, and exposed ends of dental wires.
- Regulated Medical Waste or Clinical Waste or (Bio) Medical Waste Means a waste or reusable
 material derived from the medical treatment of an animal or human, which includes diagnosis
 and immunization, or from biomedical research, which includes the production and testing of
 biological products.

ACCEPTED REGULATED MEDICAL WASTE WHICH MUST BE IDENTIFIED AND SEGREGATED FOR INCINERATION

- Trace Chemotherapy Contaminated Waste RCRA Empty drug vials, syringes and needles, spill kits, IV tubing and bags, contaminated gloves and gowns, and related materials as defined in applicable laws, rules, regulations or guidelines
- Pathological Waste Human or animal body parts, organs, tissues and surgical specimen (decanted of formaldehyde, formalin or other preservatives as required per hazardous waste rules).
- Non-RCRA Pharmaceuticals Must be characterized and certified as non-RCRA hazardous material by the generator. Excludes all DEA scheduled drugs, including controlled substances*
- **California Only** Solidified Suction Canisters Suction canisters that have been injected with solidifier materials to control liquids or suction canisters made of high heat resistant plastics such as polysulfone

REGULATED MEDICAL WASTE **NOT** ACCEPTED BY STERICYCLE

- Untreated Category A Infectious Substances
- RCRA Hazardous Pharmaceutical Waste and all DEA controlled drugs, including controlled substances*
- Chemicals Formaldehyde, formalin, acids, alcohol, waste oil, solvents, reagents, fixer developer
- Hazardous Waste Drums or other containers with a hazard warning symbol, batteries and other heavy metals
- Radioactive Waste Any container with a radioactivity level that exceeds regulatory or permitted limits; lead-containing materials
- Complete Human Remains (including heads, full torsos, and fetuses)
- Bulk Chemotherapy Waste
- Compressed Gas Cylinders, Canisters, Inhalers and Aerosol Cans
- Any Mercury Containing Material or Devices Any mercury thermometers, Sphygmomanometers, lab or medical devices
- Mercury-Containing Dental Waste Non-contact and contact amalgam and products, chairside traps, amalgam sludge or vacuum pump filters, extracted teeth with mercury fillings and empty amalgam capsules

*Consult Stericycle Representative for specific requirements

Additional waste acceptance policies may apply based on state or permit specific requirements. Hazardous waste transportation services may be offered in certain geographical locations, under separate contract. Please refer to your local Stericycle Representative for additional information and options for possible hazardous waste handling. For additional information on container and labeling requirements contact our Stericycle Customer Service Department at (866) 783-7422.